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MONTHLY REPORT

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MONTHLY REPORT

Home Loan Interest Deduction Denied

In a recent decision, the Administrative Appeals Tribunal (AAT) concluded that interest deductions claimed by a taxpayer for borrowings to invest in a unit trust to construct a family home were not deductible.

In this case, the taxpayer purchased a parcel of land and transferred it to a personal unit trust. The unit trust entered into a contract to erect a house on the land. On transfer of title, the taxpayer issued units in the trust and drew down on the loan funds to make payments under the building contract.

The taxpayer claimed a deduction for the interest on the loan but the Commissioner disallowed the deduction. The AAT concluded that there was not the necessary connection between the interest payments and the unit trust producing assessable income.

The AAT also concluded that this arrangement will attract the anti-avoidance rules under Part IVA, as the sole or dominant purpose of the arrangement was to obtain a tax benefit.

Common FBT Return Errors

Following the lodgement deadline for FBT returns, several common errors have been noted, including

- commercial vehicle usage;
 - car parking benefits and benefit threshold amounts;
 - the 'minor exemption' and 'consumption on business premises exemption' should not be applied to meal entertainment expenses using the 50/50 or 12-week method;
 - FBT-exempt status only applies to a laptop where the purchase is a package deal;
 - GST-inclusive values should be used when calculating FBT;
 - FBT returns and payment summary matching; and
 - rebateable employees need to take extra care to ensure data is correctly disclosed and reviewed.
- **TIP:** Consider post-lodgement reviews to make amendments where necessary.

Main Residence CGT Exemption

A person's main residence will generally be exempt from CGT upon disposal.

A Tax Office fact sheet indicates that, in certain circumstances, the full exemption may not apply and only a partial main residence exemption may be available. This will occur when the taxpayer's partner and/or dependants have separate homes, part of the property has been used to produce assessable income, or the land area is more than two hectares.

As a general rule, a person is only entitled to the exemption on one property for any particular period. However, where a person purchases a new home before disposing of an old one, both dwellings may be treated as the person's main residence for up to six months.

- **TIP:** Taxpayers should carefully consider the tax treatment of their residential premises.

Transition to Retirement Pensions

On 9 May 2006, the Assistant Commissioner of Taxation tabled a response to the Senate on questions about a statement made by the Commissioner on 17 November 2005. The Commissioner had advised that the general anti-avoidance provisions would not apply to taxpayers transitioning to a retirement pension and making salary sacrifice contributions to their superannuation fund, but, Part IVA might apply where the actions of taxpayers seemed contrived or artificial.

The Assistant Commissioner indicated that the Commissioner did not have a particular arrangement in mind where Part IVA might apply, and clarified that it would not be possible to provide a blanket statement on salary sacrifice arrangements and the general anti-avoidance rules.

False Details on Tax Return

In a recent decision, the AAT upheld the Commissioner's decision to impose penalties on a taxpayer who had lodged an income tax return with incorrect details through an agent.

The taxpayer had their income tax return prepared by a tax agent and failed to note that there were disclosure errors regarding certain employment and assessable income details.

The AAT concluded that the burden of proof rested with the taxpayer, and disallowed the taxpayer's penalty objections.

2006/2007 Superannuation Thresholds

Redundancy payments: tax-free amount

	2006/07	2005/06
Fixed component	\$6,783	\$6,491
Years of service component	\$3,392	\$3,246

RBL limits

	2006/07	2005/06
Lump sum RBL	\$678,149	\$648,946
Pension RBL	\$1,356,291	\$1,297,886

Age-based deduction limits

Age limits	2006/07	2005/06
Under 35	\$15,260	\$14,603
35 to 49	\$42,385	\$40,560
50 to 70	\$105,113	\$100,587

Post-June 1983 ETP component threshold

	2006/07	2005/06
ETP low rate threshold	\$135,590	\$129,751

GST on Security Deposits

The Tax Office has recently released a GST ruling in relation to 'deposits held as security for the performance of an obligation', which defines the meaning of the term, as it is not defined in the GST legislation.

As a result of this ruling, taxpayers will be able to more accurately determine whether a deposit paid or received is in fact a security deposit for the purposes of the GST legislation. This will allow taxpayers to correctly determine the GST implications of paying or receiving the deposit.

The ruling contains a more detailed discussion and provides additional examples which were not previously included in the draft ruling.

Other Key Issues

- The FBT car parking threshold has increased to \$6.62 from \$6.43, effective from 1 April 2006.
- A recent Tax Office ruling deemed that a government rebate, received by a rental property owner for an energy saving appliance, is assessable income.
- The CGT improvement threshold has been increased from \$109,447 to \$112,512 for the 2006/07 income year. This applies when a pre-CGT asset is a separate asset or where a rollover may be available.
- The Commissioner of Taxation has determined that there is no CGT liability where an asset is transferred from a jointly managed superannuation fund to another self-managed superannuation fund as a result of a marriage breakdown.

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